

Introduction

What defines our cities and contemporary urban culture of today? What shapes our lifestyles and how does it differ from city to city? Why does some cities successfully become bike capitals or the opposite, carcentric? And finally how does the knowledge society perform at its best and profit from the urban evolution.

The infrastructure we plan, design and build for our cities shape our ways of moving from a to b, and thereby our everyday behavior and forward urban culture, ultimately

making our lifestyle shaped by infrastructure as the skeleton of how we live, meet and share ideas during the everyday life. It pushes our knowledge society in different directions, and facilitates how knowledge is spread physically in the network of our cities. Today where the fast pace digital society is taking more and more focus in our daily routines, this question is more relevant than ever, and should be considered as For a knowledge based city like Münster, where knowledge is the very resource of growth and success, it should be considered how we move and meet more than in any other city, since this is what makes us share and innovate. This is the very reason to highly prioritize the way we shape and structure the urban layout, so people cross each other's ways in defined spaces in close visual contact, almost curating spontaneous meetings to occur and generate the new and unexpected knowledge, Münster knowledge city and university clusters are challenged today, by a open undefined urban structure, with a lack of clear connections and hierarchy in places to meet, showing the importance of reinventing the area, in a short and long term strategy for the further evolution of the knowledge city, taking a step towards a more coherent innovation district, where clear connections, defined spaces, open functions and shared facilities are linked closely by a high quality network of paths for bikes and pedestrians to safely move, meet and be welcomed in a future - Münster **Innovation District. (MID)**

Munster Circles

The urban culture of Münster is defined by circles of infrastructure, from the inner walking ring, the Markt Strase, to the "Promenade", defining the historical city center with a green and inviting circle for bikes and pedestrians linking the bike network of the entire city. Finally, on the outskirts, a more traditional ring road defining the outer ring of Münster, also defining where the city becomes more car based, visible by a large amount of surface parking influencing the urban spaces, generally lacking connectivity and hierarchy, being one of the main challenges for the knowledge All cities are built over centuries, and different epochs provide different qualities and networks for the city to work at its best. Changes in urban structures like the old fortification line of Münster, historically protecting the city from foreigners, in modern times torn down to become an open and inviting Promenade inviting people inside to take part of Münster knowledge society. The Promenade has furthermore worked as an important urban spine for sustainable mobility, which for decades has improved mobility for everyone, and positioned Münster as the leading bike capital The status of Münster as the German bike capital is being challenged today by other bike cities in Germany and marks the importance of bringing the bike culture to the next level, possibly framing an evolution of bike culture and knowledge culture that goes hand in hand for the future development of Münster Knowledge City, which needs to be better linked with the rest on Münster, improving urban spaces for people The project for MID is based on an improved network for pedestrians, bikes and micro mobility in general, together with an idea for an upgraded public transportation circle. Together framing a network for people to move and meet naturally around the city without needing a car. Perhaps making Münster lead in the field of a "knowledge" based urbanism", an environment structured to share space and knowledge, as key

to create a successful knowledge culture and innovation district suitable for the 21.

Based on "Münster circles" the project for MID suggests a "MeetMap", pointing at

potentials to build a stronger and more integrated knowledge network for the future evolution of Münster. The MeetMap suggest to strengthen the existing circles that all take upgraded roles in the new urban layout, and add two new linear connections. The existing Promenade is forwardly an important element in the planning of the Innovation district. The intersections of "The promenade" and the new "Münster Access" is framed by new developments and urban spaces like a possible new Science Center and the "Wissenmarkt" by the Castle on the west, and on the east a new "Mobility square" linking the trainstation with the promenade and the "Access" "Münster Access" connects east and west to strengthen a direct relation of the knowledge city and Münster historical center, possibly reaching all the way to the Main trainstation and Münster Hafen area. A connection that will co-work with the attractive Schlotz Park, but provide a more efficient 24 hour connection to the knowledge clusters for bikes and pedestrians. The "Science Rambla", a combination of Corrensstrase and Domagkstrase, creating a new north-south going "Rambla" dedicated users of the knowledge city, where new functions and spaces are proposed to frame meetings between different users. The idea is to connect the individual clusters, core functions, new "innovation hubs" combining common functions and urban spaces as attractive situations to stop and meet. Linking the users; students, teachers, researchers, workers and guests

of Münster knowledge city, to meet in new surprising ways. Distances between the "intersectionpoints" are planned to be 5 min by bike, staging a range of different

meeting points on the way through the city.













